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# High-Frequency Squeal Noise in Large Radius Curves

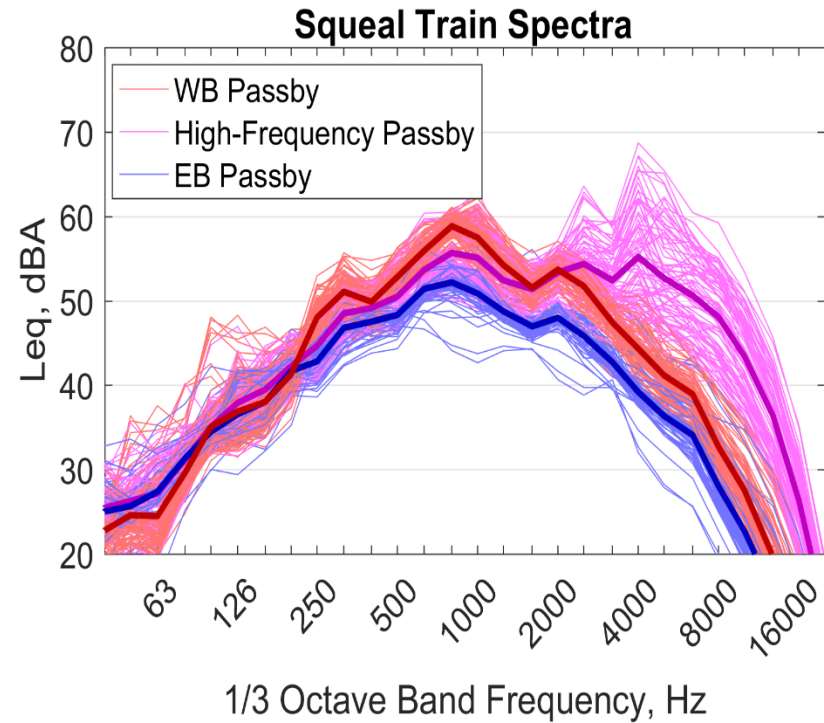
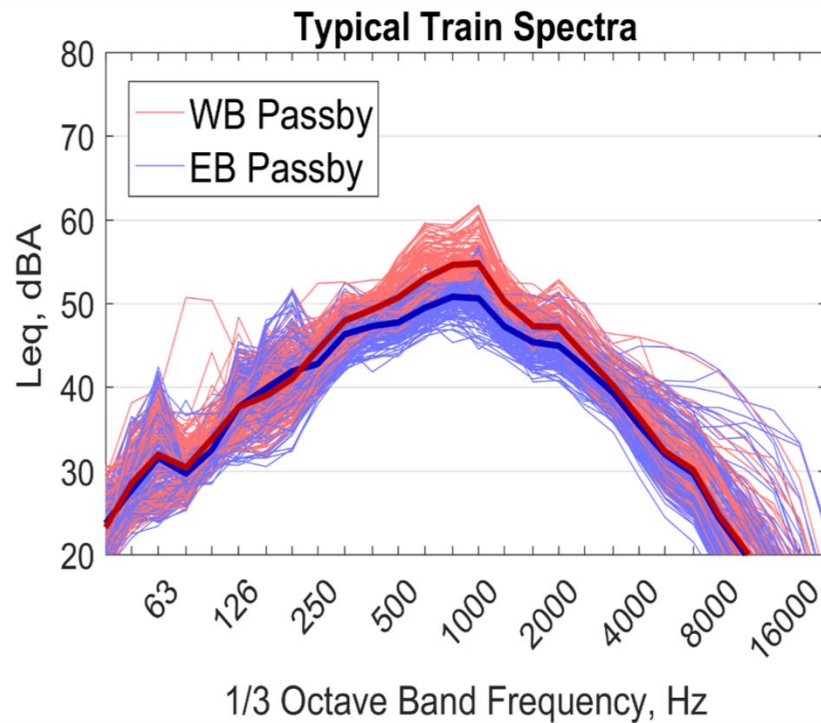


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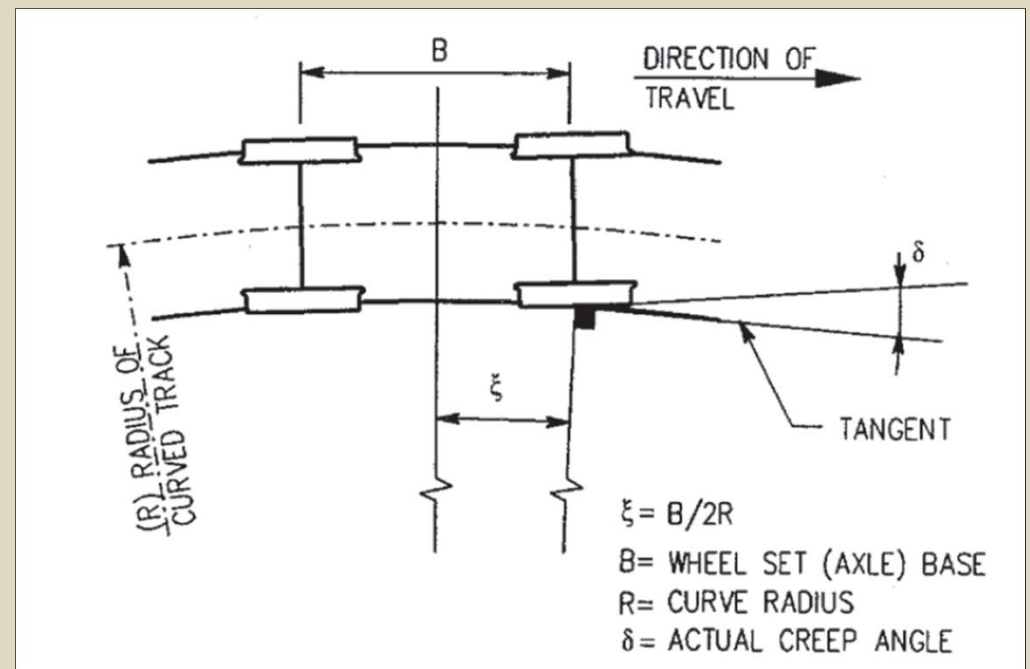
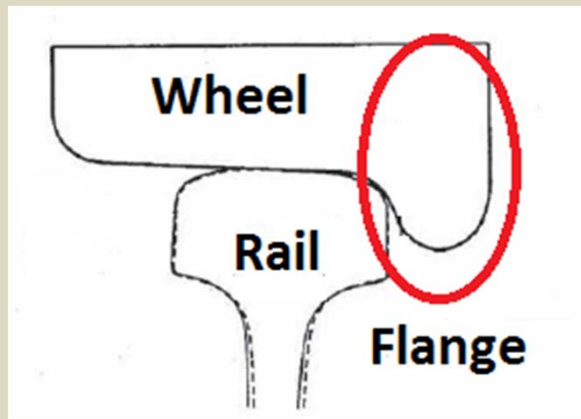
# What is the Problem?

- Elevated levels of high-frequency (4kHz – 16kHz) noise
- Perceived as annoying and intrusive



# Causes of Wheel Squeal

- Caused by stick-slip interaction of the rail with a wheel navigating a turn on a fixed axle.
- “Flanging” – wheel flange makes contact with the gauge face of the rail



# Causes of Wheel Squeal

- Painting the rail reveals points of contact between the wheel and rail
- Consistent, clean contact band on the top of rail is ideal
- FTA states that turns with radii greater than 1,000 ft “avoids squeal”
  - This curve is 1,400 ft



Outside (high) rail – evidence of flanging



Inside (low) rail – consistent contact band

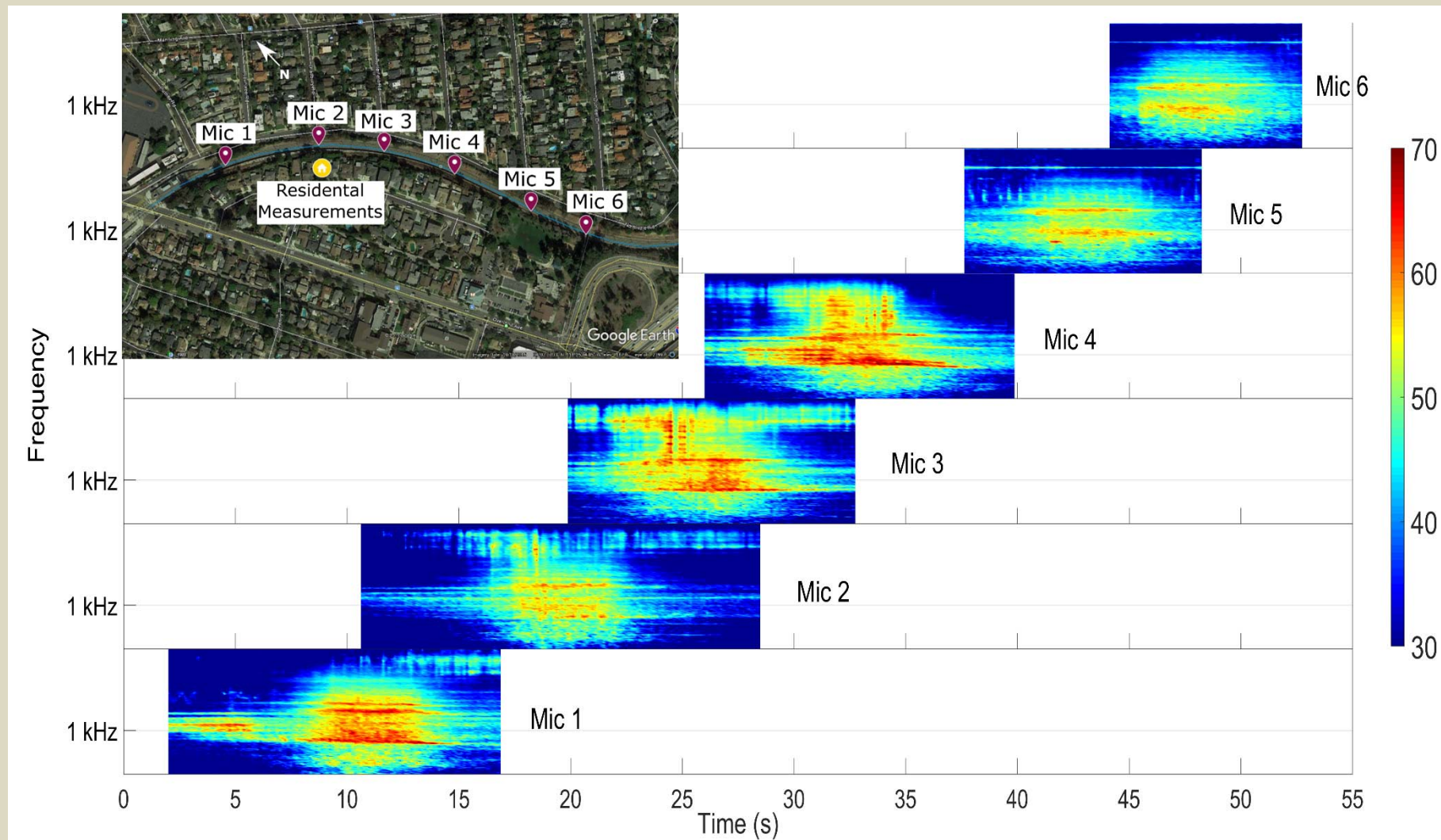


# Noise at Northvale Curve

- Moderate impact threshold:  $L_{dn} = 56$  dBA
- Measured, train-only level:  $L_{dn} = 50$  dBA
- Residents complain about the high-frequency noise from the trains
- Measurements conducted between May 2016 and April 2017



# Squeal Doubling Pass-by Length



# System Investigation

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- Features that impact squeal generation
  - Travel direction
  - Speed of trains
  - Distance from friction modifier applicator
- Features unlikely to impact squeal generation
  - Old vs new vehicles
  - Train consist length (2 or 3 car trains)
  - Weather

# Mitigation Techniques – Considered

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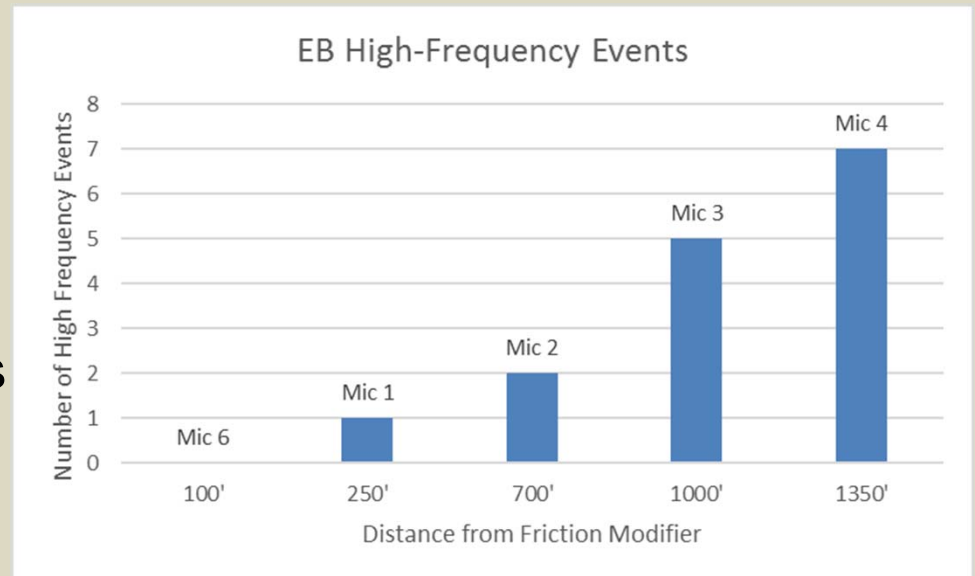
- Profile adjustment/Gauge face grinding
- Gauge width adjustments
  - Gauge width cannot be adjusted on this section of track
- Gauge face lubrication
  - Safety concerns at Metro
- Vibration dampers



# Mitigation Techniques – Implemented

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- Top-of-rail grinding
  - Completed January 2017: wheel squeal unchanged
- Friction modifiers
  - Installed mid 2016: eliminated high frequency noise when operating properly
  - Applicator is prone to clogs
  - Wheels might not carry material very far down tracks



# Conclusions

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- Identifying the root cause of the high-frequency noise is challenging
  - Multiple factors combine to generate the irritating noise
- Friction modifier applicators reduce the noise when operating properly
  - Additional applicators will be added every 500ft along curve
- New noise measurements are planned after new applicators are installed to quantify their effectiveness

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# Questions?

# Appendix – Friction Modifier Applicators

